

Regional Learning & Advocacy Programme for Vulnerable Dryland Communities

Creating synergy for advocacy on East African pastoralism



REGLAP key facts



- Consortium project existed since 2008, funded by ECHO
- Current members: Oxfam, Save, CARE, Cordaid, Dan Church Aid, IUCN
- Partners: ECHO DRRAP partners: NGOs, FAO, UNDP DDC, UNICEF and UN ISDR, *local CSOs and networks* and ILRI (IGAD Technical Consortium), Mercy Corps, OCHA.

REGLAP achievements to date

- Promoted increased attention to long term resilience building within drought advocacy;
- Encouraged ECHO partners and others to document and share their lessons learnt and good practice
- Widely acknowledged as a source of expertise on dryland and DRR issues – approached by researchers, NGOs, donors



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REGLAP focus 2012-2013

- Aim: Promote *long and short term resilience* building of dryland communities through *policy and practice change* in the Horn of Africa: Ethiopia, Kenya and Uganda
- Learning and good practice documentation on dryland issues: learning groups, annual journal, technical briefs, good practice principles, studies: *land fragmentation* and *gender*, future: *integrated planning, appropriateness of crop agriculture, % hhs engaged in pastoralism.*
- 2. Advocate on priority issues relating to resilience: the building blocks to resilience education, governance (community participation and support to local gvt, dryland voice), control of resources espec. land, economic empowerment.



Country Advocacy Groups:



- **Overall:** Promoting appropriate **community consultation and prioritisation** on **country program plans** for resilience promotion while addressing **priority issues in each country.**
- Kenya: (<u>Cordaid</u>, IIRR, PDNK, RECONCILE, CEMERIDE, Oxfam, FAO, ISDR): *roll out of the ASAL policy and NDMA; communal land bill.*
- 2. Ethiopia (<u>Oxfam</u>, PFE, CARE, Save, VSF, Cordaid, FAO): more appropriate *woreda level contingency and land use planning*.
- 3. Uganda (<u>DCA</u>, SSD, C&D, ACTED, COPASCO, Oxfam, FAO): approval of appropriate *pastoral code/rangeland management policy, DEWS and cross border animal disease surveillance*

Regional Learning Groups:



- Community based approaches to DRR (<u>CARE</u>, VSF-G, Cordaid, COOPI, ACTED, FAO, DCA): *CMDRR, PRM, PFS, cross border approaches -* strengthening evidence of impact, enriching approaches.
- 2. Water development for DRR (<u>IUCN</u>, Oxfam, FAO, MWA): developing and *promoting good practice models* for integrated water planning.
- 3. Strengthening the evidence base for DDR advocacy (Save, ILRI TC, FAO, CARE, MC, OCHA): *analysing available research , promoting filling research gaps to get clearer and shared understanding of resilience* in the drylands, promoting joint messaging.



REGLAP strategic review

Key conclusions:



Regional Learning & Advocacy Programme for Vulnerable Dryland Communities

- Recognised for synthesis documents and comms, strong relationships based on respect and trust with governments, IGAD, research orgs, donors and UN
- Operates as a network or resource, not a consortium
- Overly associated with Oxfam

Recommendations:

- Independent registration, longer term funding/engagement
- ✓ Links to CSOs in other IGAD countries
- Increased focus on promoting community voice and facilitating linkages between actors
- Themes: education, strategic land rights, water and irrigation

REGLAP strategic plan Vision



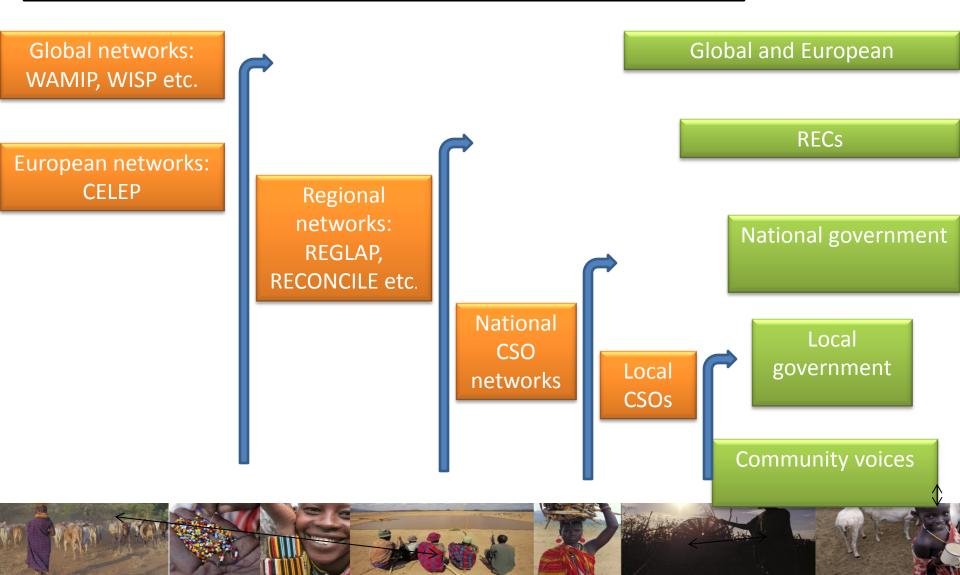
- *Communities* in the drylands of the HOA *are empowered to determine their development pathways and interventions* Mission
- To ensure *all stakeholders are working in synergy* to support humanitarian and development policy and practice that is *community-centred* and *prioritizes the root causes of vulnerability*
- Values
- **Protection of rights of all individuals** in the drylands to full participation in their development
- Transparency, accountability, collaboration and synergy of all actors

Potential synergies for REGLAP



- Support to CSO networks with synthesising the evidence for advocacy: through reviews and summaries, policy documents, the journal etc.
- 2. Help promote community voice in collaboration with CSO networks : creating the opportunities and facilitating engagement e.g. community consultation meetings that inform national and regional policy processes, community representatives at the table, lobby directly for more community engagement
- 3. Help promote synergy between actors e.g. country advocacy groups, co-ordination fora for dryland advocacy initiatives
- 4. CELEP **provides a fora via e-list** and meetings for nonnational actors to promote synergy – debate and sharing

Organisational focuses to reinforce community voice



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for Vulnerable Dryland

Communities

REGLAP

Structure



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Regional Learning Groups

- Land: Protection of key migration and marketing routes and strategic grazing reserves.
- Integrated education provision in the drylands
- Water development in the drylands

Country Advocacy Groups

Ethiopia, Kenya, Somalia, South Sudan, Uganda (Sudan and Djibouti)

More information on REGLAP



Regional Learning & Advocacy Programme for Vulnerable Dryland Communities

<u>http://www.disasterriskreduction.net/east-central-</u> <u>africa/reglap</u>



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@REGLAP_Drylands



Humanitarian Aid and Civil Protection

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